

THE CHARLEROI MAIL

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ONE CENT

HOPE FOR A BETTER PRICE

Local Coal Operators May be Allowed Higher Figure for Product

LOCAL DELIVERIES ARE SLOW

Local operators are hopeful that the advance in prices granted Thursday to Kentucky, Tennessee and Virginia fields is the forerunner of an adjustment of prices in the central bituminous district.

With increased wages to be paid it will be absolutely necessary to receive a higher price for coal, otherwise a number of the smaller operations may have to close down.

In the meantime domestic consumers are having their troubles in securing their winter supply of coal. This condition of affairs applies to Charleroi as well as other towns in the valley, where it would naturally be supposed that it would be easy to secure a supply of fuel for home purpose. However, all of the smaller operators appear to be tied up with contracts so that it is a very difficult matter for housekeepers to secure the amount they desire to tide them over the winter.

Whether an increase in price will bring any relief to this condition of affairs remains to be seen. In the meantime cars are being loaded on local sidings for shipments on about all the coal the local operators can produce. It is a peculiar state of affairs for local consumers to experience, who hope for some relief in a very short time.

COLUMBUS DAY WAS A SUCCESS

The Columbus Day celebration under the auspices of the local lodge of the Sons of Italy was brought to a fitting conclusion Friday evening with a parade and fireworks. The parade was composed of numerous lodges of the Sons of Italy, a large number of bands as well as historical floats. The fireworks afforded an excellent display while later in the evening the dance and reception served as a fitting climax to the days festivities.

In the afternoon a meeting for Italian citizens was held in Turner Hall where addresses were made both in English and Italian, this meeting being largely attended. Throughout the entire day the program was adhered to as closely as possible, although some of the athletic events had to be called off on account of the weather. As a whole, however, the celebration reflected credit on our local Italian citizens who worked with so much energy to make it the success it was.

Misses Elma and Louise Collins and Mabel Gaut spent Saturday in Pittsburgh.

Miss Lura P. Wingett has returned from Wilmerding where she visited with relatives.

C. R. Newcomer has returned from a business trip to Uniontown. W. Raymond Kent was a Pittsburgh visitor Saturday.

"SLACKER" RUN OUT OF DONORA

An alleged "slacker" was chased out of Donora during the week and the incident proved to be somewhat amusing.

Lawrence Ludy, an employee of the open hearth department of the Donora Steel Works, was arrested after an exciting chase on Wednesday on suspicion of being a criminal "slacker." After being held in the borough lockup for two days while his record was being investigated he was discharged by Burgess Depler and ordered to leave the town.

Ludy was employed as recorder in the open hearth department. He was very outspoken in denouncing the government conscription, the Liberty Loan and everything connected with the war. He was finally reported to the office by fellow workmen and an investigation started. He was asked for his registration card, but he did not have one. Becoming suspicious he quit his job. Later he was seen in the business section of Donora by G. E. Koedel, secretary of the Exemption Board. The latter started to approach Ludy, who showed the white feather and fled. He was finally captured at the lower end of the town and taken to the borough building.

Although Ludy had given his age as over 21 when he applied for work at Donora, he claimed he was not of legal age after his arrest. His home was in McKeesport and the officers of that city were reached by phone. It was learned that Ludy had a criminal record, having served a year and a half in a reformatory at Baltimore. His police record showed him to be 20 years of age.

SUFFERING FROM FREIGHT CONGESTION

Charleroi is suffering from a freight congestion at the present time and local railroad officials can give no promise as to when shippers can experience much relief.

Friday morning there were sixteen car loads of freight waiting to be unloaded at the local station, with a prospect that this number would be increased before it would be diminished. At the beginning of the week there were eight cars waiting to be unloaded, but the scarcity of labor made it impossible for the local office to keep up with the shipments received and freight kept piling up from day to day until Friday morning sixteen cars had accumulated at the local station to be unloaded.

A local business man, hunting a back tub shipped two weeks ago, was able to find it Friday morning after all of the unloaded cars had been gone over in a search for the much desired and much needed article. Heavy shipments, coupled with scarcity of labor, is responsible for this condition of affairs and those who are expecting consignments by railroad will have to be a little patient while the accumulation is being taken care of.

Marble and Granite Display Two car loads of granite and marble monuments, just unloaded, are now on display at the show room of the M. T. Crowley Marble and Granite Works, 325 McKean avenue. 102-tf

Prussianism and Germany

Overmuch stress has been laid upon Germany and the Germans in all this discussion of the world war. Too little emphasis has been given Prussian militarism, which, after all is said and done, is responsible alone for the battle flames which are consuming half of Europe and claiming thousands of lives along the Flanders trench lines. For the two are by no means synonymous.

Prussianism, in the essence, means that autocratic element which dominates the destinies of the German empire and insidiously feeds the ambitions of the Kaiser for world dominion. It is the influence which has inspired the warlord to cause his munition plants, his navy yards, his training camps, to put in extra time for the last three or four decades in building up a war machine with which ultimately he hoped to crush Europe and extend his sphere of influence to the western continent.

It is the master mind which dominates the Wilhelmstrasse headquarters of the secret service which has so efficiently kept tab in recent years upon the doings throughout half a dozen European empires. Which has directed the work of the German diplomacy in all its devious and crooked ways both in Europe and America. Which has set up its spy system and maintained its slush funds both in Europe and America. Which is accountable for all of the duplicity and devilry that finally terminated in the present conflagration in Europe.

The Germans, as a people, knew nothing of all this; know little of it, in fact, today. The German public, the rank and file of German citizenry, have not the advantages of the free press that America enjoys. Whenever a newspaper becomes too frank in its discussion of the things that most intimately concern the public, Prussianism finds a way to have it speedily suppressed. The mission of the German press is to inspire its readers with greater loyalty to the Kaiser. And it has done its work. Prussianism has been as treacherous with the German public as it has been with France, with England, with Russia, or with America. It has deceived and misled it. It has hoodwinked and betrayed it. It has made it a catspaw and in the end it will seek to make it the goat.

But Prussianism will only succeed in destroying itself. There are no great hopes of liberty that the Germans as we know them in America. When the smoke of battle clears away and peace once more comes in Europe, Democracy will find an enthusiastic and lasting welcome across the Rhine. The meager advices that trickle through the Prussian censorship all indicate this.

Left to itself, the German public would vote for peace tomorrow. In the end, it will wipe out Prussianism. Help speed the day by buying a bond.

"LOTS OF TOBACCO" IS PLEA OF BOYS

MAIL'S TOBACCO FUND

Previously reported \$58.00 Ferdinand Kallise 1.00

Total \$59.00

A perusal of a letter from a local boy serving with the Fifteenth Reserve Engineers in France will tell you what a soldier most desires, next to receiving a letter from home. It is for plenty of "smokes." He does not say a package, but "lots" of cigars and tobacco. He emphasizes what the Mail has heretofore said—the boys are being charged high prices for the tobacco abroad and at the same time it is not the kind they are used to while they were at home.

Every letter received by the home folks asks for cigars and tobacco, not a small amount, but "lots of them." The boys now serving behind the trenches in France and many of the United States soldiers are not far away from the battle line, have a particular desire for tobacco from home. It touches the spot after a particularly hard day in the various duties they are called upon to perform. The Engineers are already performing the functions for which they were organized. They are in active service right now. They will be among those who will receive some of the tobacco which will be sent by the Mail and other papers which are raising tobacco funds and which it is hoped will reach a large sum.

The man who contributed the dollar yesterday is a Belgian by birth. His home town there was Charleroi. His mother and other relatives are in the war zone and he has been unable to hear from them for over three years. He does not know what has happened to them, but he is going to add to the comfort of the boys in this unhappy country which it lost to Germany by sending them a mite, if his going in to help along the fund is slow growing, but we hope for greater amounts during the coming week.

ENOCH CALVERT IS CALLED BY DEATH

Enoch Calvert, aged 76 years, died at his home in Monongahela at 8 o'clock this morning. Funeral services will be held Monday afternoon at 1 o'clock from his late home with interment to follow in Brownsville cemetery. Mr. Calvert had been sick for about two years and for the past eight weeks had been confined to his room.

Mr. Calvert was a resident of Brownsville for many years and followed boat building as his occupation. He was married 54 years ago to Martha D. Roland of Harpers Ferry, the wedding taking place in West Brownsville. His wife died 14 years ago, after which he moved to Monongahela, where he made his home.

He was a civil war veteran, first serving in Co. D, Eighth Pennsylvania Reserves, and later in Co. G, 191st Pennsylvania Infantry. He was a member of the Methodist church of Monongahela, and of the Red Men of Brownsville.

He is survived by two sons, W. H. Calvert of Charleroi and S. R. Calvert of Monongahela, and two daughters, Mrs. Catherine Shook of Monongahela and Mrs. C. A. Compton of Pittsburgh as well as ten grandchildren and one great grandchild.

NEW TAX LAW REACHES ALL

The working man as well as the man of means is hit by the tax bill passed by Congress during the session that has just closed. A scrutiny of the measure will convince every one that they will have to pay their share of the expenses of the great war in which this and other nations are now engaged. Some of the things which the average citizen will have to pay taxes on from time to time are here set forth:

Approximately 2 per cent increase on incomes of \$5,000 or less.

Letter postage, except local letters, increased to 3 cents and postcards to 2 cents beginning November 3.

One cent for each 10 cents paid for admissions to amusements.

Five cent shows and 10 cent outdoor amusement parks exempted.

Ten per cent on all gifts over \$10 a year or over.

One cent for each 25 cents paid for parcel post.

One cent on each 20 cents express package charge.

Three per cent on all freight charges.

Eight per cent of passenger fares by rail or water, except trips less than thirty miles.

Ten per cent of charges for seats, berths and staterooms on parlor cars or vessels.

Five cents on each telegraph, telephone or radio message costing 16 cents or more.

Three per cent on jewelry.

Three per cent on checker boards and all kinds of games.

Two per cent on perfumes, toilet water, toilet soaps, etc.

Two per cent on proprietary medicines.

Two per cent on chewing gum.

One per cent on each dollar of premium for fire and casualty insurance.

Three per cent on graphophone records.

Eight cents on each \$100 of life insurance.

The tax on whiskey is increased from \$1.10 a gallon to \$3.20. The tax on beer from \$1 a barrel to \$2.75.

Increase tax on cigars, cigarettes, and manufactured tobacco and snuff.

Mrs. Albert Hopkins entertained at her home Friday evening at a birthday party in honor of her niece Miss Velma Brand who celebrated her sixth birthday and her daughter Gertrude's first birthday. An enjoyable evening was spent. Lunch was served by the hostess. Both the honor guests were the recipients of many beautiful gifts.

Monongahela, and of the Red Men of Brownsville.

He is survived by two sons, W. H. Calvert of Charleroi and S. R. Calvert of Monongahela, and two daughters, Mrs. Catherine Shook of Monongahela and Mrs. C. A. Compton of Pittsburgh as well as ten grandchildren and one great grandchild.

CAN ENLIST IN COMPANY "A"

Opportunity Offered to Serve in Army With Home Boys

REGISTERED MEN ARE ELIGIBLE

C. H. Landefeld of Monongahela, who has been asked to solicit one hundred recruits for Company A, Tenth Pennsylvania, now in camp at Augusta, Ga., was in Pittsburgh Friday night to see Lieutenant Uhlinger, of the United States Army recruiting service. After conferring with him Mr. Landefeld gave out the following information this morning:

All men who apply for enlistment in Company A will be sent to Pittsburgh for physical examination, and if passed and accepted will be sent to Baltimore to be sworn into the service. The United States Army officers will take all such men or the Tenth Regiment but each man will be given a card, specifying to which Company he is to be assigned and when he arrives at Camp Hancock he will be sent to the command which he wishes to join.

No man who has been before the exemption board for examination, nor any exempted man will be taken. All men who have been registered, but not yet examined or exempted, are eligible to enlist at this time.

They will be able to enlist with whom they know and in military units firmly established. They will be equipped immediately and at once be placed in training.

Reports from the south indicate that the Pennsylvania troops will be among the first selected to be sent to France. This will likely be next spring. Any young man desiring to enlist in the Tenth can do so by making further inquiry of Mr. Landefeld. If the volunteers are not sufficient to make up the quota, a sufficient number of drafted men will be assigned to bring all regiments to war strength.

THOMPSON CREDITORS HOLDING MEETING

The creditors of J. V. Thompson, the Uniontown bankrupt, are holding a meeting today to try and select trustees to administer the affairs of the estate. Consummation of the deal with the Louis W. Hill interests of St. Paul, by which they have agreed to purchase the Thompson property, which will give the unsecured creditors approximately 40 cents on the dollar will be one of the issues involved in the selection of trustees.

COYLE THEATRE MONDAY and TUESDAY

Miss MARGUERITE CLARK will be "Babs' Diary" seen in a new Photoplay

One of the "Sub-Deb" stories which appeared in the Saturday Evening Post by Mary Roberts Rinehart. It is really a diary of "Bab's" boarding school and is abounding in the kind of fun of which school girls are most fond. Children 10c Adults 15c

Coming Thursday and Friday, MARY PICKFORD in "REBECCA OF SUNNYBROOK FARM"

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SHIPS, SHIPS, SHIPS!

When England began the enlistment of her first half a million men the German militarists laughed the coming British citizen army to scorn and declared that it could be captured by "a squadron of semi-invalids." Since then England has raised nearly five million more men her overseas dominions contributing still another million and the Germans have found to their cost that the thing is no joke. Nevertheless they are now coming a jest of the coming American forces in precisely the same way a Leipzig newspaper comparing that Hindenburg will soon "make short work of the recruits from the other side of the pond should there be time enough to enable them to be trained." In the same spirit Von Tirpitz sneers at America's armies as "a phantom." Of course all this may be dismissed as the disingenuous mouthing of militarists near their wit's end laboring to deceive and hearten a discouraged German public. Yet it is well for us to be reminded of the fact that if we fail to produce the needed ships in time our army, however big, well trained and brave, may not provide the added strength to the cause of the allies that is expected. England's transporting was across the narrow Channel; ours must be across the wide Atlantic. As the fleets of the allies command the ocean and only submarines are to be feared, the ferrying can be done with sufficient safety, and we shall undoubtedly have ships enough for this business alone. But shall we have ships enough for this purpose and also for the business of carrying supplies to our allies? If our strength added by our allies is offset by the weakness brought about by the withdrawal of the ships now carrying them food and other necessities.

British shipping losses through submarine attack since February now approximate the total losses during the entire previous period of the war and it is believed to be possible for German submarines to destroy by next spring 200 vessels more than could be built in the meantime. For this reason England earnestly calls on us to speed up our shipbuilding, urging that the shortage of ships is the most vital fact in the present situation and pointing out that "however large and powerful the army which the United States trains during the winter it may be rendered absolutely useless as an addition to the fighting forces against Germany if there are no ships to transport it except at the cost of stopping the flow of vital necessities to the present armies." The force of this impressive statement is immediately obvious, the only question being whether our shipbuilding program is big enough for the double need and whether it is being rushed toward completion with the necessary speed. Early last spring the cry was for ships and more ships but we have heard less of this in recent months. Yet it is still true as England's pointed reminder shows, that the problem is one of ships, ships, ships, as well as of trained and equipped armies.

COAL IS SCARCE

In spite of government regulation the coal situation does not seem to improve. On the contrary, several points in Ohio are without fuel, and had it not been that a trainload of coal was directed to Cleveland, the situation would have been extremely critical there. In Columbus it was necessary to close schools, because no coal was available, while down in Steubenville the board was unable to get a bid to furnish fuel to take care of the needs of the school during the coming winter.

Just what the answer to the present situation will be is hard to determine. The demands for coal are insistent. The production is heavy, but in spite of that fact the demand seems to keep ahead of it.

The price set by the government is very unsatisfactory. Coal men

fought against it and judging from the prices set for coke, they should be at least fifty to sixty per cent higher. To pay the increased wages demanded by the miners will require a price higher than \$2 per ton and unless the request of the operators is granted, the coal market will be in a chaotic state for some time to come. The present coal situation presents many new features, particularly to people who live in this and surrounding communities. Coal has been the one commodity of which we have, apparently had an abundance but we are suffering with other localities, so far as price is concerned, while the supply is not over abundant. It may be a somewhat difficult matter to get through the winter with comfort, considering the fact that the problem of fuel supply is so far from a satisfactory settlement.

SLOW TO CLIMB DOWN

Germany is now gaining nowhere and seems to be gradually losing everywhere. The continuing offensives launched against her forces at various points, accompanied by terrific bombardments, can hardly fail to involve a drain upon her manpower that in the long run must prove exhausting. This would explain why Germany seeks peace before the United States adds heavily to the odds already against her. The German militarists see the need of making peace, but, owing to the persistence of their overweening pride and self-confidence, they fariously imagine that they can secure much of what they want merely by consenting to lay down their arms. They talk persistently of "guarantees" Germany must have, but make no mention of any guarantees she will give in return and this is not merely because the allies would regard German promises as worthless.

Even Belgium must give "guarantees" and prodigious ones at that. "We must possibly have the forts of Liege and Namur," Belfman-Hollweg explained to Mr. Gerard. "We must have other forts and garrisons throughout Belgium. We must have possession of the railroad lines, ports and other means of communication. The Belgians will not be allowed to maintain an army, but we must retain a large army in Belgium. We must have commercial control of Belgium." In other words, Belgium would be Germany's chattel with a merely nominal independence. This is but one of the indications that Germany's aspiration will never be filled down to the point of possible peace negotiations until German militarism lies prone and helpless upon its back.

Oklahoma is the 28th State to fill its quota of troops for the regular army, leaving 20 others still to do so. The laggards include Virginia a State of warlike traditions from the time of its Washington and the Revolution, its territory furnishing the very battlefield of our war of 1861-5. The present showing of the Old Dominion, with only 1619 soldiers for our first line of defense, suggests that the State of Robert E. Lee fought itself so nearly to death in 1861-5 that it is now instinctively pacifists with little stomach for war surviving the fiery trial.

"Germany," writes Sir Edward Grey in a preface to a collection of President Wilson's State papers, "can not get peace except on conditions that the United States may consider essential to its own interests and to the future peace and freedom of the world." That is precisely the situation, and Germany has only herself to blame.

Professor Wm. A. Schaper has four nephews in the American army and "first cousins" in the Kaiser's forces, but, although born in this country, he confessedly stands by his cousins rather than by his nephews. No wonder his sixteen years' service has not prevented his expulsion from the University of Minnesota.

Von Tirpitz is sure that the submarines will never permit the transportation of an American army to Europe. But he was even more confident the same piratical craft would bring Great Britain to her knees within five weeks.

Evidently there is nothing seriously the matter with Wisconsin, after all. Its Republican State central committee, with two exceptions, calls for the expulsion of LaFollette from the Senate of the United States.

The country's responsibility in this war to preserve freedom is enormous. Help, by buying Liberty Bonds.

MARRIED MEN TO BE EXEMPTED

Provost Marshal General Crowder has approved interpretation recently placed on the exemption provisions of the selective draft law and has made the following rulings:

If the man claiming exemption has a wife and no children, he is entitled to exemption just the same as if he had children, provided the other necessary facts exist.

If the wife and children are residing at the home of the man claiming exemption, then the exemption does not apply, the purpose being to prevent a charge upon the public, and where they do not reside in this country they cannot become such charges.

The fact that the wife might be able to go out and work and make a living if compelled to do so is no reason why the exemption should not be allowed.

The fact that the dependents—wife and children—could be taken care of by other relatives able to do so is no reason why the exemption should be refused, unless such relatives aver their willingness as well as ability to care for the family. When they do so over then the exemption should be refused.

Where the wife has been and is engaged in such occupation as can provide for herself and children, if any, then she is not dependent and exemption cannot be claimed by the husband.

The provost marshal further holds that even if the parents offer to provide for the dependents exemption is not to be denied.

It is stated that if men are improperly drafted the means of discharging them are at hand, so that boards are able to rectify mistakes they make by wrong construction of the draft law. Any one case may be reopened by either the local or appeal boards, and if it is found that a man has been improperly drafted his discharge can be easily secured.

SOCIAL AFFAIRS FOR SOLDIER BOYS

That the soldier boys after being discharged are being taken care of by the citizens of the following churches for the week beginning Sunday, October 7:

Regina—All churches 11:15 a. m.
St. John's Methodist Church—Musical program all afternoon.
Augusta Automobile Club—Joy ride, cars call at camp.
Grand Opera House—Community concert 6 p. m.
Church of the Atonement—Chaplain McFetridge preaches 8 p. m.
Tuesday, October 8:
Atonement Parish—House—Script dance for soldiers 25c.
Knights of Pythias—Special meeting to which all soldier members are invited. Lodge room at 311 Eighth street.

Band Concert—At the Confederate monument on Broad street.
Wednesday, October 10:
Prayer meeting services at all churches.

First Christian Church—Social meeting for soldiers, 7:30 p. m.
Dance for Officers—Given by Soldiers' Relief Association at the Armory, 8:30 p. m. Script dance, 50 cents.

Friday, October 12:
First Presbyterian Church—C. E. Society followed by social meeting.
Band Concert—Confederate monument on Broad street.

Saturday, October 12:
St. John's Methodist Church—Social meeting for soldiers, 7:30 p. m.
First Baptist Church—Social meeting for soldiers 7:30 p. m.
Woodlawn Methodist Church—Entertainment at Woodlawn School grounds from 6 to 9 p. m.

St. James Methodist Church—Social for soldiers, 8 p. m.
Dance for Enlisted Men—Given by the Catholic Woman's Club at the Armory, 8:30 p. m. Script dance, 50 cents.

United Commercial Travelers—Rally day, U. C. T. Hall on the corner of Eighth and Ellis streets.

Special Notes:
Sigma Nu Fraternity—Mr. C. J. Steward, Sigma Nu 646 Broad street will be glad to meet all members of Sigma Nu. Phone 336.

Community Singing:
All soldiers who enjoy good music and who enjoy singing are urged to attend the community concerts held in the Grand Theatre on Sunday afternoons.

HOOVER'S LATEST PLEA TO FARMERS: "HOGS, MORE HOGS AND STILL MORE HOGS"

Deficiency in Fats Now More Serious War Factor Than Bread Grain Situation—Tells Public Safety Men Pennsylvania Has the Best Organization in the Country.

To the assembled representatives of the county organizations of the Committee of Public Safety for the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in session at Philadelphia, Herbert C. Hoover, Federal Food Administrator, gave his latest and most important message to the people and more particularly the farmers of the United States.

"Hogs, more hogs, and still more hogs," is the slogan of his new appeal.

Mr. Hoover's address came in the midst of a food supply conference, arranged by Howard Heinz, chairman of the Department of Food Supply. The attendance of Public Safety Committee chairmen, food supply representatives, and executive secretaries numbered about 250 and came from practically every county in the state.

Governor Brumbaugh, Lieutenant Governor McClain, Auditor General Snyder, George Wharton Pepper, E. T. Stotesbury, and many other men of prominence heard Mr. Hoover join in the assertion that in point of organization and accomplishments Pennsylvania's Safety Committee had proved to be the most efficient in the United States.

A striking analysis of the food situation was presented by Mr. Heinz, who in his capacity as Federal Food Administrator for Pennsylvania has a prominent part in the shaping of national food programs.

Mr. Heinz pictured the world meat supply as being short 15,000,000 meat animals with a shortage of 7,000,000 meat animals in this country alone. The wheat situation is just as bad, he declared. Exemption, he said, may apply to the physical side of the military problem, but there is no exemption for the food forces. Every one must help in insuring supplies for our own armies abroad and for our allies in the trenches.

Conservation and production are the problems to which Mr. Hoover gave special emphasis. He said:

"Early in the month of June, when I was asked to undertake this particular task, I and the men whom I assembled around me at the moment made a short survey of the situation by way of organization throughout the United States. We came early to the state of Pennsylvania in our wanderings, and after making a short study of the organization of the state, we determined that if we could not carry this message and carry out the work."

"Our first and most important problem is production. Production and conservation are both impelled by the same cause, by the same food shortage."

"Europe's Diminishing Production. In addition to the maintenance of a normal supply, we have the very disastrous condition of continuously diminishing production. It is impossible to take forty million men from productive labor and devote them to war in the cutting into the vital food production itself. That deficiency has been contributed to by stoppage of cereals and the diminution of animals, until on cereals alone this year's production falls below last year's by \$25 million bushels. This year we have a load of over a billion and a quarter bushels of grain to preserve the normal food consumption of our allies."

"It is a load that is beyond our capacity, beyond the combined capacity of the United States and Canada. There is no way of meeting that situation except that after we have exported the last grain that we can export, they must reduce their consumption to a point where the two ends meet."

"It is physiologically possible to reduce the food consumption by forty per cent, but on the other hand, soldiers working in the trenches and millions of women put to physical labor, actually require more food stuff than in times of peace. The net result is that all privation by the reduction of consumption operates upon the most helpless class in our country—that is the old and the women and the children."

Farmers Should Right-About-Face. "The problem of animals is one that becomes a problem of practical character to us this very day in the United States. Europe with a shortage of food and a shortage of imports, first cut her fodder imports rather than her bread grains. The result has been the ruthless killing of animals and out of that has arisen an annual reduction in their animal products. This is burning the candle at both ends."

"It means from the fat point of view that we must increase our fat imports into Europe. We may diminish our meat imports for the moment, but when the war is over we will have called upon us to produce food for enormously increased animal production. Europe has practically always produced her animal products. Compared to the total consumption she has imported a comparatively minor amount of fat products. But with diminished animals she will have less demand for fodder and therefore more particularly for the production of bread."

"If people will of necessity turn their agriculture from the production of fodder to the production of bread, and we, in the meantime, must be prepared to take a like turn; in other words, we have exported in the main bread grain, whereas the demand upon us after the war will be for animal products."

"Therefore, we must turn the face of our agriculture—we must turn the face of our farmer from the production of bread grains to the production of animals. This becomes not only a problem of the future for the nation, but it also becomes an immediate problem, and our immediate problem is acute."

"During the last year we have slaughtered in hogs alone a large percentage of the hog population. In other words, whereas we annually slaughter something like 50 per cent of our total hog population, this year we have slaughtered over 100 per cent. If we take the three pre-war years as our basis, we can see that during the last twelve months we have slaughtered 179 hogs, we have exported 215."

"This means but one thing. It means that as we have increased our exports of animal products, largely pork products, from 1,500,000 pounds pre-war to a 1,500,000, 600 pounds in the last twelve months, that we have over-exported the capacity of this country."

"Today, about 60 per cent of the normal supply of hogs is reaching the markets in this country, and we are faced with that shortage at the very moment when we must be increasing our exports to our allies."

"We are facing a large hog crop this year—a crop in fact, as we calculate it, twenty-five per cent greater than the animals we have to eat. We will, therefore, have a fairly low range of prices for food stuff, and we will with this situation, have a high range of prices in animals. Therefore, it must be in the immediate interest of the farmers of this country to raise hogs, more hogs, and still more hogs."

More Hogs Needed For Years Ahead. "And it is not only an immediate interest, but it is an interest that will last, not only for the period of the war, but for many years to come, and the greatest worry we can obtain from our farming population today is to get a quick response in animal products."

"I have believed that if we could go through the state of Pennsylvania, tell the farmers of the state that this country should have more hogs against one of last year, that is three to one—if they will do that sort of work, it will be serving the country and be a benefit."

"The difference between democracy and autocracy is a question of organization. People can be organized from the bottom or from the top down. If, in our defense, it becomes necessary to organize from the top down I trust we will do so. But the moment we have done this, we will have organized the individual, and our own people are reduced to an autocracy. It is, therefore, worth our while to make the effort to carry this thing through on a volunteer basis."

ALLIES CANNOT WIN WITHOUT OUR AID

God-Given Opportunity For Service Here, George Wharton Pepper Tells Safety Committee Men.

Addressing the county representatives at the opening of the Public Safety conference in Philadelphia, George Wharton Pepper, chairman of the state committee, made a stirring appeal for efficient effort in every district. Mr. Pepper said:

"The efficiency of the work that we are going to do for the cause of Public Safety in this commonwealth is going to depend almost entirely upon the appraisal which we as individuals make of the seriousness of the situation in which our country finds itself at the present time."

"If a man believes that this war will be over in ninety days, if he believes that it is going to end without serious inconvenience on our part, or if not that at least at the first approach of our advance guard the kaiser is going to state his readiness to come down; if that is the state of mind of a man, I am quite sure that to him the committee of Public Safety is a quite unnecessary organization. He is not going to spend much time or much energy in its service."

"On the other hand, if a man has, as I have, a living and burning conviction that this is a long and bloody fight, and that upon the issue of that conflict depends the very existence of the idea of democracy in government among men—if that is the man's conviction, then he will look upon the work of this Committee of Public Safety as a God-given opportunity to express the patriotism that is welling inside of him."

"It seems superabundantly clear that the allies cannot win this war except at the price of the lifeblood of our mothers and daughters. We must keep on because without our aid the allies cannot win the war, and unless his war is won by the allies the things that we stand for cannot survive or prevail."

"There are many of us, I know, who wish to God that we could exchange chairmanships and secretariats for the more active service on the line; but if we can't, if they won't have us on any terms, at least let us constitute ourselves an effective support to those that do go to the front, and be the guardians and custodians of the homes that will be waiting for them when they come back."

"I speak with a degree of intensity which only facts indicate the way I feel about the matter. My convictions about it are so deep and so burning, and I seem to see the situation so clearly, that I tremble when I find so many of my fellow-citizens, even in this commonwealth, who do not seem to be aware of the predicament in which the world finds itself, and who are unwilling to make even slight sacrifices to the end that American ideals in the end may be supreme."

"If we, my friends, of the Committee of Public Safety of the commonwealth of Pennsylvania and its affiliated organizations through the state—if we do not busy ourselves with this effective organization, with this commonwealth so that we may adequately support the lads that go, and preserve the homes for those of them that will come back, then we do not deserve to be called Americans and we are not fit to be the representative of the Keystone state."

Our Boys in Home Camps and Europe

Want more than your letters and goodies and "smokes" and comfort kits.

He wants news of the Pittsburgh District—all the news—as printed in

THE GAZETTE TIMES

PITTSBURGH'S ONE BIG NEWSPAPER

Mail to your boy or friend
The Gazette Times
Daily, per month50c
Sunday, per month.....30c
Daily and Sunday,
per month75c

Forward to the Circulation Dept., Name, Company and Regiment and he'll get The Gazette Times—the paper he wants—the only newspaper in Western Pennsylvania with a staff correspondent in Camp and with the boys in France.

Administrators' Notice.

Estate of William E. McCrory, deceased, late of Charleroi, Pa.

Letters of administration upon the above estate having been granted to the undersigned, notice is hereby given to those indebted thereto to make immediate payment, and to those having claims or demands to present them for settlement.

Emily Mansfield, Administratrix,
200 Lookout Ave., Charleroi, Pa.
R. W. Knox, Atty.
Washington, Pa. 58-15-22-29-06-13

By reason of thorough distribution with the U. S. mail, the lowest prices are now possible for

Eckman's Alternative

FOR THROAT AND LUNGS
Stubborn Coughs and Colds
No Alcohol, Narcotics or Habit-forming Drugs
\$2 Size \$1 Size
Now \$1.50 Now 80 Cts.
Eckman Laboratory, Philadelphia.

DR. E. GREWER MEDICAL INSTITUTE MAJESTIC THEATRE BUILDING CHARLEROI, PA.

Dr. E. Grewer, Specialist and Consulting Physician. Is a graduate of the University of Pennsylvania, Philadelphia, Pa. and formerly Demonstrator of Physiology and Surgery of the Medical-Chirurgical College of Philadelphia, Pa. Our specialties all chronic diseases of men, women and children as follows:

FITS! FITS! FITS!
Fits, or Epilepsy, our specialty. We have the testimonials of patients all over the United States whom we have cured. We also successfully treat St. Vitus Dance, Hysterical Convulsions providing the patient will carry out our rules as to diet and habits, etc.

Lost Manhood Treated—Weakness of Young Men Treated—and all Private and Secret Diseases
Varicocele, Hydrocele and Rupture promptly treated without pain and no detention from business.

We treat the worst case of Nervous Prostration, Rheumatism, Sciatica, Old Sores, Blood Poison. The improved treatment for all forms of Blood Diseases, eruptions of the skin is No. 14 Syphilis and Blood Poison—cures you quick, and all diseases of the skin, ear, nose, throat, heart, lungs, stomach, liver, kidneys and bladder.

Itching Piles, stricture, hemorrhoids, cancer and goiter treated without cutting.

Advice free and strictly confidential.

Office hours—9 a. m. to 8:30 p. m. Sunday from 10 a. m. until 4 o'clock p. m.—Adv.

We Buy and Sell MEN'S SECOND HAND CLOTHING

H. SCHAFFLER
Fifth St. and Fallowfield Ave.
Opp. Bank of Charleroi
Bell Phone 56-M

TRY A CLASSIFIED WANT AD

IT'S BUYING TIME FOR BLANKETS and COMFORTS

And it's saving time if you buy them in our splendidly stocked Second Floor Department. Here we are showing great stocks of Blankets and Comforts which combine highest quality with lowest possible cost, really good blankets and comforts at the price of the other kind. We would advise you to attend to your blanket and comfort needs at once while you are able to secure a good selection for while we bought very heavy and got our in early, they have been selling fast and on account of Uncle Sam needing so many for the Soldier Boys it is impossible to duplicate any orders.

**Good Heavy
Cotton Blankets**
Grey, Tan and White --Priced
\$1.50, \$2.00, \$2.50

Woolnap Blankets
Blue, Tan, Pink, Grey and Plaids
Priced
\$3.50, \$4.00, \$5.00

Wool Blankets
Both Light and Dark Plaids also plain
colors with fancy borders --priced
\$5.00 to \$14.00

**A complete stock of good, warm
Comforts**
both light and dark colors --priced
**\$1.25, \$1.75, \$2.50,
\$2.75 up to \$15.00**

The Fall Buying is now on in wearables. The first selections are always the best—let us urge you to make us an early visit. Don't fail to see our line of Ladies' and Misses' Suits, Coats and Dresses. We have never shown such a large selection. We feel sure we can save you money.

Quality Goes With Every Price.

J. W. Berryman & Son

CHARLEROI'S LIVE STORE

Good Insurance

Money Saved will be one of your best friends—a protection in adversity and a preparation for opportunity. Open your interest account with this Bank AT ONCE and have Good Insurance for the future.

Bank of Charleroi
Charleroi, Pa.

NORTH CHARLEROI

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Winship were callers in Pittsburgh.

Samuel Gaskill spent Sunday at Fairhope.

Mrs. W. A. Seay and children of Youngstown, Ohio, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. John Ellenberger.

Miss Violet Chessure has returned from a week's visit with her cousin in Pittsburgh.

Mrs. Garret Wooster and daughter of Brownsville are visiting the former's parents Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Crabb.

Mrs. Willis McCook is spending a few days with friends and relatives in Pittsburgh.

Mrs. Charlotte Boden of Chillicothe, Ohio, and Mrs. Lillie Bowers of Columbus, Ohio were visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. O. Watson and Mr. and Mrs. P. E. Kramer and also other friends of this place.

Miss Myrian Thomas and Miss Hazel Watson were recent callers in Monongahela.

Miss Georgetown Gaskill of Belle Vernon was a guest of Miss Grace Gaskill.

Mrs. D. H. Smith of Pittsburgh is spending a few days with her daughter Mrs. William Jarvis.

That the sole executor of the estate of Harry Crabb, deceased, Letters testamentary upon the above estate having been granted to the undersigned notice is hereby given to those indebted thereto to make immediate payment and to those having claims or demands to present them for settlement.

J. P. Smith of Duquesne is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Conn Buchanan.

Miss Myrtle North has returned to her home at Northside, Pittsburgh after spending a few days with Mr. and Mrs. Willis McCook.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas P. Sloan, and Mr. and Mrs. Harry Scott motored through Virginia, Maryland, Charleston and returned by way of Gettysburg. They were gone about a week and had a pleasant time.

AVOID MISTAKES

No Need to Experiment With Charleroi. Charleroi Evidence at Hand

There are many well-advertised kidney remedies on the market today, but none so well recommended—none so Charleroi recommended as Doan's Kidney Pills.

Read this Charleroi case: F. B. Parker, says: "For twenty-five years, I had rheumatic pains and at times I was unable to work. The trouble started with pains in my hips, and extended into my left limb. I was so bad off at one time that I couldn't work. I heard of a man who had been cured of kidney trouble by Doan's Kidney Pills and I got some at Lange's Pharmacy. They gave me relief in four days and continued use made me better. I am now feeling fine and I can say that Doan's Kidney Pills are the best kidney medicine on the market."

Price 60c at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy—get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Parker had. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

FOR SALE

5 room house McKean ave. \$26.00
2 houses Fallowfield ave. 6200
1 store and dwelling Fallowfield. 4400
6 room and bath Fallowfield ave. 3800
10 room Lincoln ave. 2600
6 room and bath, Prospect ave. 3500
6 rooms and bath Crest ave. 3500
6 rooms and bath Shady ave. 2600
4 rooms Oakland ave. 1000

I. P. HEPLER,
411 Fallowfield Avenue,
Charleroi, Pa.

W. & J.'S NEW MEN ARE GOOD ONES

Two sterling players on the W. & J. football team will be playing their first "big" game for the Red and Black when they appear in the lineup against Penn State at Washington on October 20. They are Miles Smith of Monessen, half-back and Russell Stein of Niles, Ohio, a lineman.

Smith is the biggest man in the backfield. He attended Bucknell College one year and played on the Bucknell eleven. He was at W. & J. all last season, but was ineligible on account of the one-year migratory rule. He played on the scrub, however, and made a very fine impression on the coaches. This year he was one of the first men to report to Coach Metzger at the start of the preliminary season and his ability rated not only a whirlwind on the attack but a very capable defensive player. His work against Penn State is expected to prove a feature of the game.

Stein is a 200-pound lineman and a product of the Eliskiminas school, which has sent W. & J. so many athletes, including the peerless Captain "Scrubby" McCright of this year's team. Stein was rated last year as one of the best preparatory school forwards in the country. He has been playing almost every position on the line, but will likely be found at right guard in the Penn State game.

W. & J. team is rated high this year and are expected to put up some great games before the close of the season.

Executors Notice.

Estate of Harry Crabb, deceased. Letters testamentary upon the above estate having been granted to the undersigned notice is hereby given to those indebted thereto to make immediate payment and to those having claims or demands to present them for settlement.

Mark Elmer Crabb, Executor.
S-15-22-29-O-6-13-20



A Nutritious Diet for All Ages.
Keep Horlick's Always on Hand
Quick Lunch; Home or Office.

AVIATRIX WILL FLY AT RACES

One of the features at the Uniontown speedway races on Saturday, the 20th, will be the exhibition to be given by the young aviatrix, Miss Katherine Stimson, whose tour last winter of Japan and China won her additional fame and glory, and made her an incomparable standard by which all aviators will be judged. Miss Stimson is a pupil of DeLoyd Thompson, who is also on the program for death-defying exhibitions in the air and who has been seen prior to this time in many of his startling flights. In addition to these exhibition flights in the air, there will be some of the fastest automobile races ever seen on a race track. There will be 24 professional drivers on hand and they will furnish thrills in the way of speed that will likely establish a record. The Uniontown Speedway has a national reputation and the events of the 20th will bring thousands of people to the Fayette county capital to witness these great events. With such splendid "fliers" as Miss Stimson and DeLoyd Thompson, reinforced by the presence of so many auto speed demons, the assembly should get plenty of action during the afternoon's program.

EIGHTEENTH WILL NOT BE DISBANDED

The Eighteenth Pennsylvania Regiment, which had been ordered disbanded in the reorganization of the Twenty-eighth Division, composed exclusively of Pennsylvania troops, will be saved, the previous order having been rescinded. It will hereafter be known as the 110th Regiment of the 55th Depot Brigade, and will be under command of Gen. Stillwell. A number of Charleroi boys are serving in the Eighteenth, and their friends will rejoice with them in the knowledge that the organization will be preserved.

PLAYING PARNASSUS THIS AFTERNOON

The Pittsburg Academy football team having cancelled the game with Charleroi for this afternoon, the high school management were successful in getting the Parnassus high school team to take their place. The game is being played at the Athletic park this afternoon.

FOR SALE

Six rooms and bath Lincoln ave. \$3700
Four rooms, Lincoln avenue... 1600
Five rooms and furnace, Crest... 2800
Five rooms, Lock No. 4... 2700
One lot, near new mill... 1800

FOR RENT

Store room with two rooms and cellar, good location.
A. L. Dubinsky,
413 Fallowfield avenue.
102-15p

CLASSIFIED

TO LET—Furnished rooms. Apply 18 Mail office. 93-1f

FOR RENT—Two furnished rooms. Apply 21 Mail office. 98-1f

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished room. Plenty of light. Hot air heat. Inquire 835 Fallowfield avenue. 102-af-p

FOR RENT—Three furnished rooms, 615 Crest avenue. 102-12

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Apply 114 Lincoln avenue. 97-1f

WANTED—Lady clerk for wall paper store. Inquire 312 Fifth St. 101-13

WANTED—High school graduate for mill time keeper. Apply to the Superintendent's office, Hussey-Binns Company. 102-12

LOST—Pocketbook with money and Moose club receipts either on streets or in hotel of Charleroi. Finder will be given \$10 reward if same is returned to Frank Riva, Charleroi, Pa. 102-13p

William Franz dealer in oriental and fancy goods. Madera and filet work and Irish crochet laces, ladies waists, wool and silk sweaters, art goods, blankets and all kinds of ladies wear, lace curtains, bed spreads, silk and crepe kimono, Japanese style, pillow cases, colonial lace drawn work, battenburg, hair pin lace. All imported goods from European countries. 315 McKean avenue. 100-115

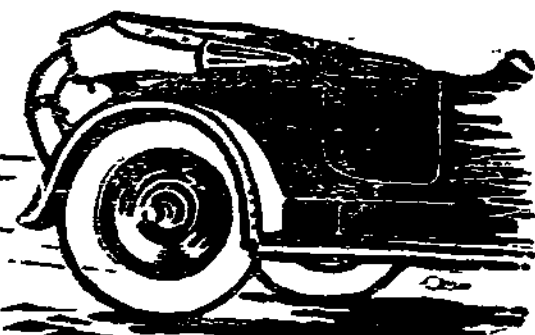
Renewal of Charter

Notice is hereby given that there will be a meeting of the stockholders of Bank of Charleroi, chartered under the laws of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, at the Office of Place of business of said Bank of Charleroi, corner of Fallowfield Avenue and Fifth Street in the Borough of Charleroi, Washington County, Pennsylvania, on the 8th day of November A. D., 1917, from 2 o'clock p. m. to 3 o'clock p. m. to vote for or against the proposition to renew and extend the charter, corporate rights and franchises of said Bank of Charleroi in accordance with and under the provisions of the Act of Assembly of May 10th, 1889, P. L. 185, for the period of twenty years from the 17th day of January, 1918, the date upon which said Bank's present charter, corporate rights and franchises expire.

Kerfoot W. Daly,
Cashier.
William I. Berryman,
Solicitor.

O-31

Makes a Motor PURR



TANK-UP with tried-and-true Atlantic Gasoline. Take the wheel, press the feeder and open your cut-out, if a cut-out there is. Now, listen to what she's saying. Talking, eh?

Clean, sharp, distinguishable explosions. No misses. And every explosion a power-impulse that finds instant response in the rear wheels, whizzing driver and driven through space with a new sensation of motion.

Mayhap you're off the speed-thing, but comes a time when every motorist wants, must have, a "little more speed"—and it's mighty good to have a little more speed up your sleeve at such times.

Atlantic Gasoline gives you the reserve speed, the extra power, you occasionally want. So, get on speaking-terms with this go-getter, eat-em-up, beat-em-to-it gas. It sure makes a motor purr.

THE ATLANTIC REFINING COMPANY
Philadelphia and Pittsburgh
Makers of Atlantic Motor Oils—Light, Medium,
Heavy and Polarine

ATLANTIC GASOLINE

Puts Pep in Your Motor

"You've Got the Goods, Atlantic!"
"Today, the specific gravity test is practically worthless as a check on the quality of a gasoline, for example, for a given motor equipment. It seems most probable that the definition of gasoline will have to be based on the percentage that distills over between specified temperatures, when the distillation is carried out under specified conditions."
"The gasoline may not vaporize too freely for two reasons: One, that it would not be safe, and secondly, in loss in storage by evaporation would be too great. Hence, the specification may have to contain limitations of the percentage distilling over below a certain temperature, coupled perhaps with a proviso that certain percentages shall distill over below other fixed temperatures, in order that requisite amounts of low-boiling constituents shall be present to insure easy starting of an engine."
"Likewise the specification must contain a proviso that all must distill over below a certain maximum temperature, in order to exclude from the gasoline the heavier petroleum distillates, such as kerosene."
Official Press-Statement by U. S. Govt. Bureau of Standards.
"We've been preaching and practicing the same thing for years. The boiling-point of Atlantic Gasoline is always uniform. It meets Uncle Sam's ideas perfectly."

High Class Suits - Coats and Dresses

For All Occasions
In All Materials

EUGENE FAU

514-16 Fallowfield Ave., CHARLEROI
"THE LADIES' STORE"

